





Global Voluntary Service to Stop Climate Change (SCC) 2019 - Call for Special Volunteers to 3 months workcamps in 4 Asian countries

(1, 2 months participation is possible) -

IVS for Climate

Carbon reduction /offset work Common actions Leading short term workcamps Fund raising Crowd funding

Jul. 04 to Sep. 25 Indonesia/ Cambodia Mangrove reforestation

< 3 special Attractions! >

<u>1. Specialized on climate change</u>

2. Rare, Long term Workcamp

3. Cheaper fee than normal LMTVs

Sep. 01 to Nov. 20

India/ Japan

Convert to renewable energy Final deadline is one month before the starting of your participation, but the recruitment will be stopped when it is full.

APPLY NOW ►

1. Background of the project

1-1. Situation of Climate Change

It has been so far recognized as one of the most crucial global problems and many people and organizations have been working hard to overcome the situation, but the global carbon emission keeps increasing (21 billion tons in 1990 to 34 billion in 2015 while our planet can absorb only 10 billion in its nature) and the damage is getting more and more serious on landscape, forests and biodiversity, food production and water supply, human security and so on.

We need much further efforts and collaboration among different countries, stakeholders, organizations and people to prevent increase of global temperature within 1.5 degrees. Innovative, epoch-making actions and cooperation are needed to have breakthrough to protect our planet for the future, one of which can be international voluntary service.

1-2. International voluntary service (IVS) and SCC Organizers

IVS was started in France in 1920 and in 2016, 5,111 projects were done by the IVS NGOs in 90 countries with 30,266 volunteers and over a million of local people on environment/ culture/ development/ education and social welfare. 1,091 projects (25% of total) worked for environment such as tree plantation, maintenance of forests, making solar panels, organic farming, etc.

NICE is an IVS NGO based in Japan, founded in 1990 and in 2018, it organized 429 projects for 2 days to 1 year and exchanged 4,109 volunteers. 48% of the projects worked on environment. NICE is founder of NVDA and was President for 15 years. **NVDA** (Network for Voluntary Development in Asia) is an Asian network of IVS NGOs, founded in 1997. It has 30 Member NGOs in 22 countries which organized 1,701 projects in 2017 and exchanged 12,483 volunteers. 20% of the projects worked on environment.

1-3. Strength and potentials of IVS to stop climate change

IVS has been creating unique and valuable impact to prevent climate change, not only by the work to plant/ grow trees and other carbon reducing actions, but also by spreading collective low carbon life, networking different people and organizations, raising awareness among local people and world youth and promoting further actions.

1-4. SCC projects to stop climate change

To dramatically increase the impact for carbon reduction as well as strengthen volunteerism and management of NGOs, we started the SCC project, with sponsorship of the UPS Foundation, NLAPO and Mitsubishi UFJ Foundation. After the great success in 2016, we have been continuing and developing the SCC project mainly by our self-efforts (besides grant from NLAPO and Fund of NICE) and collaboration since it is huge work and takes some time to get real impact.

< Brief results of SCC 2018 >

Involving 131 international volunteers from 15 countries, 33 local volunteers and hundreds of local people in 7 countries.
 Reduced 160.5 tons of CO2 by planting 10,231 trees, seeded 10,969 mangroves, produced 635 kg of bamboo charcoal.
 Many other various impact was created (raising awareness, friendship and networking, personal development).



2. General information of the project

a) Dates	2019 Jul. 4th to Sep. 25th for 3 months (84 days) for Projects in Cambodia and Indonesia
aj Dates	2019 Sep. 1 st to Nov. 20 th for 3 months (81 days) for Projects in India and Japan
	* 1 and 2 months participation are open (see the dates in each project description)
	4 projects in 4 counties (choose one of them!) that will be hosted by the following NGOs;
	1. Cambodia : <u>CYA</u> (Cambodian Youth Action): Sophat <u>e-mail</u>
b) Place	2. Indonesia: <u>GREAT</u> (Gerakan Kerelawanan Internasional): Ismi <u>e-mail</u>
	3. India : <u>RUCHI</u> (Rural Centre for Human Interests): Dharamvir <u>e-mail</u>
	4. Japan : <u>NICE</u> (Never-ending International workCamps Exchange): Yasu <u>e-mail</u>
c) Common	1. Improving the glocal environmental situations and reducing carbon emission
Aims	2. Promoting global friendship and solidarity and networking NGOs and volunteers
	3. Personal development of volunteers and local people and empowering NGOs
	20 Special Volunteers (5 in each period including the local leader) who should be;
	1. Aged 18 or more (no maximum limit!) with good physical and mental health.
d)	2. Fully motivated, active, flexible, adaptable, responsible, cooperative and constructive.
Participants	3. Able to sufficiently speak in English that is the common language during the project.
1 un tronpunto	(Local language skill is not necessary, but useful, so welcomed to try to learn during your stay!)
	4. Experience of joining IVS projects for environment or LMTV: Not compulsory!
	5. Experience on Workcamp leading, Carbon offset or Crown funding: Not compulsory!
	A) Voluntary work: Varies in each project based on the local needs and plans. Working hours
	also depend on each project, but there is at least one free day/ a week. The work will include;
	+ Plant trees or do other carbon reduction work, organize World Tanabata Action
	+ Conduct Impact research/ Carbon off set/ Crowd Funding
e) Programs	+ Join to coordinate international short term and/or weekend workcamps
	B) Other activities: Study programs, discussions, excursions, visits, exchange parties, sports,
	etc. can be organized either by the vols. themselves or the local hosts.
	C) Collective life: Usually, simple community conditions of meals with cooking by themselves by
	turns and of accommodations such as community halls, youth centers.
	As well as normal IVS - LMTV (Long and Mid Term Voluntary service) projects,
f) Finance	* Travel cost should be paid by the volunteers themselves.
	* Participation fee (See each description) should be paid by the volunteers on the arrivals.
g) Application	It is same as normal LMTV exchange. Vols. need to apply to each hosting NGO through
procedure	the members/ partners of ALLIANCE/ CCIVS/ NVDA in their residential/ original countries.
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< General attraction of LMTV projects (compared with travelling, study, internship) >

1) Action for change!

You wouldn't change the world/ save a village a lot, but still creates, even little by little, positive and valuable impact

2) Real life and growth!

You will experience local life and culture and grow various skills of work, life, communication, problem solving, etc. which you never get by

3) Friends and drama!

You will strongly and widely exchange with local people and can become their precious friends. There will be a lot of touching or funny,

< Special attraction of SCC (compared with normal LMTV projects) >

1) Specialized for CC!

The project deeply focuses on carbon reduction and you can create real, concrete impact. If you have special motivation to learn from/ contribute to stop climate change, this is a place!

2) Rare, Workcamp style!

Most of LMTV are individual type (1-2 vols.), but this is a collective type, so you can help and exchange with other volunteers so much. You' ll coordinate short term workcamps, so can develop organizing skills!

3) Less financial barrier!

The fee is less than normal LMTV projects (and no fee for the project in Japan!). Thus, you will be linked with all SCC vols., NGOs and networks and get certificate of Green Volunteer.

3. Detailed description of Special Projects

3-1. Cambodia

Code	Name	Location	Country	Start	End	Туре	Vols.	Min age	Max age
CYA-SCC1	TFC	Kampot province	Cambodia	07/04	09/25	ENVI	5	16	99
CYA-SCC2	TFC	Kampot province	Cambodia	07/04	08/31	ENVI	5	16	99
CYA-SCC3	TFC	Kampot province	Cambodia	07/04	08/03	ENVI	5	16	99
CYA-SCC4	TFC	Kampot province	Cambodia	08/01	09/25	ENVI	5	16	99
CYA-SCC5	TFC	Kampot province	Cambodia	08/01	08/31	ENVI	5	16	99
CYA-SCC6	TFC	Kampot province	Cambodia	08/26	09/25	ENVI	5	16	99
Summary	Save the mangrove forest, start carbon offset and empowering eco-tourism! At Trapaing Sangke Fishing Community, CYA works to transform a local fishing community to an eco-								
Background	tourism to prote with loca Now to join of mangroy In 2 large con for the v	rapaing Sangke Fishin site by making bridges ct the sea level rise for al people in collecting a v, this community is ge our workcamp here. (ves seeds about 10,000 016 during the SCC pr poration had destroye olunteers and the loca around 500 mangrove	s for tourist to o r the villages a and planting m etting more po CYA's volunted) mangroves so roject, During t ed and remove l villagers, but	explore the and saving nangroves pular amores pular amore	e area inst g fish in th s seeds sin ong local t about 10 s nursery there was angroves	ide mangro e fish prod ice 2012. ourists and 00 mangro every year. s a protest f near the vi	ve fores uction s l also int oves eve from the llage. It	t, planting eason and cernational ry year an villagers b was heart-l	mangroves participate volunteers d seedling ecause a preaking
Work	 1. Collect 2. Seedle 3. Plant 4. Other fixing t * In Carrier on their In Carrier on their Scott Scott 1. Plat 2. Nut 3. Host 	e voluntees will do so cting mangroves seed ing in its nursery at T ing mangroves inside work at TFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would would at the work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at bodia, we normally w schedule. So we would the water tank) or at schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at schedule. So we would work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at schedule. So we would the work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at schedule. So we would the work at CFC (e.g., co the water tank) or at schedule. So we would the work at the work at schedule. So we would the work at schedule. So we woul	Is in the fores FC by sticking the protecter instructing the the village ner- ork 6 – 7 hour d like to ask vo Fore to stop Cl es which woul of mangrove eers from Citiz	ts along the see a area of e path an earby (e.g s per day lunteers t fimate Cha d reduce trees. en compa	the sea by ds into the the common d the res s, educati but inside to be flexite for be flexite ange) 2011 3,772 kg ny in Japa	y having 3 he pot with munity by ting area i ion, eco sp e communi ble accordin ble accordin 8 project in of CO ² app n as their (0-40 mi mud having : n the m onge wo ty/coun ng to the full. 04 proximation CSR proje	30-40 min angrove fo orkshop, e tryside it's local schee ilocal schee Sep. 25; tely.	. boat trip prest, tc.) depending dule.

* It was conducted by the local leader and 48 volunteers from 6 countries (25 Japanese, 14 local, etc.).

	< Plan for 2019 > Our goals are planting 4,000 and nursing 10,000 seedlings of mangrove trees with 50 vols. There will be the short term international workcamps in Jul. 03-16, Jul. 20-31, Aug. 03-15, Aug. 19-31 and bilateral workcamps with Japan in Jul. 12-16, Aug. 10-14 and Sep. 04-23.						
Accommoda tion	 Type of building: Bangalow of the community * Sleeping: () Single room (x Sharing with other vols. () Sharing with locals * Meals: () Cooked by vols. () Cooked by vols. & locals (x) Cooked by locals * How and how long to go to work: The accommodation and working place is the same but you may need to go by boat sometimes and it will take about 20 minutes * Smoking: () Totally impossible (x) Only outside building () OK also inside * Internet access: No, volunteer must buy their own SIM card * Any other points: 						
Study theme	Workshops on Carbon reduction research and offset, Fund Raising and Project coordination						
Other activities	A visit to the village memorial site, and parties can be arranged! Thus, there will be many international workcamps in this place during your stay where you can enjoy exchange with them with joining the coordination!						
Location	It is located along the sea string therefore most of the time it's windy. The community consist of Moslim and Buddhism groups but they are living and working together in harmony. The local people are mostly fisherman, but now also able to earn some money by organizing guiding tour for the eco-tourists and providing their food and accommodation.						
Terminal	 * Nearest international airport: Phnom Penh international Airport * Transportation from the capital or other major city: The most convenient and cheap way to get there is by bus and it will cost about 8 USD one way. 						
Requiremen t	 * Need high motivation, able to self-motivate, not easy to give up to volunteering * Preferable skills/ experience: Not specially, but it'd be great if you can help the community with online booking or others promotional things of their eco-tourism. 						
Participatio n fee	 300 USD per month (full participation will be counted as 3 months.) * All personal expenses, visa, and other food and beverages beyond those provided should be covered by volunteers 						
Language	English (Khmer language is not necessary, but welcomed to learn and speak to locals!)						
Other	 * Additional attractions; Bokor National Park, KEP beach, and islands * Training and special care; On arrival training: 3 days Special care during Project: CYA coordinator will visit once a month and check by phone once a week * Evaluation meeting: CYA will organize a middle and final evaluation with both volunteers and local host to see the progress and it's effective of the program. 						
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3-2. Indonesia

Code	Name	Location	Country	Start	End	Туре	Vols.	Min age	Max age
GREAT-SCC1	Pekalongan	Central Java	Indonesia	07/04	09/25	ENVI	5	16	99
GREAT-SCC2	Pekalongan	Central Java	Indonesia	07/04	08/31	ENVI	5	16	99
GREAT-SCC3	Pekalongan	Central Java	Indonesia	07/04	08/03	ENVI	5	16	99
GREAT-SCC4	Pekalongan	Central Java	Indonesia	08/01	09/25	ENVI	5	16	99
GREAT-SCC5	Pekalongan	Central Java	Indonesia	08/01	08/31	ENVI	5	16	99
GREAT-SCC6	Pekalongan	Central Java	Indonesia	08/26	09/25	ENVI	5	16	99
Summary	Save the man	grove forest, stai	rt carbon offse	et and pro	mote fun	draising	by man	grove prod	ucts!
Background	regencies in Java Is fisher and farmer of Island. Java coasta in the world. The p significantly mang	communities sin l area is one of the project is preserve rove cutting in the s project is to su shore by plantin	ustainable pro ce 2015 to an ne directed aff ving natural d he 70's-80s al upport the loca	oject organ swering t fected by a iversity an ong with al initiativ	nized by (he needs global clir nd sea sho strong wa res of loca	GREAT in of prese nate cha ore from wes from	n cooper rving th inge amo the ero n the oc	ration with e coastal sid ong many o sion becaus ean.	local de of Java f islands se of
Work	 1. Planting mang 2. Learning how t 3. Sharing about 4. Visiting the sch in city center * Working days: 5 Working days: 5 Solve a schedule <l< th=""><th>o process Mang environment ools and the un - 6 days per wee of days per wee oluntary Service 6 mangroves th 2 seedlings of n y selling syrup by 7 SCC LMTV 5 countries (26 J planting 6,000 hort term interm</th><th>r trees in be grove fruits in education to niversities for ek. 30 – 40 ho ek. 30 – 40 ho with the state of the state made by the s (4 Japanese, 8 loc and nursing national worke</th><th>each, nto some local per r environ urs per w fill the Change the Change the Change the S,45 es mangrow 2 local an cal, 1 Fren 2,000 see camps in J</th><th>e) 2018 pr 6 kg of CO 7 e fruits i 1 d 1 Frenc ch, 1 Italia edlings o ful. 12-25,</th><th>t childu ucation o is here o is here o is here</th><th>ren , runnir https:// //////////////////////////////////</th><th>ng a green of (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g</th><th>campaign 206] hort term ian).</th></l<>	o process Mang environment ools and the un - 6 days per wee of days per wee oluntary Service 6 mangroves th 2 seedlings of n y selling syrup by 7 SCC LMTV 5 countries (26 J planting 6,000 hort term interm	r trees in be grove fruits in education to niversities for ek. 30 – 40 ho ek. 30 – 40 ho with the state of the state made by the s (4 Japanese, 8 loc and nursing national worke	each, nto some local per r environ urs per w fill the Change the Change the Change the S,45 es mangrow 2 local an cal, 1 Fren 2,000 see camps in J	e) 2018 pr 6 kg of CO 7 e fruits i 1 d 1 Frenc ch, 1 Italia edlings o ful. 12-25,	t childu ucation o is here o is here o is here	ren , runnir https:// //////////////////////////////////	ng a green of (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g7F) (goo.gl/g	campaign 206] hort term ian).

	Type of building: Office of host or home stay * Sleeping: () Single room (x) Sharing with other vols. (x) Sharing with locals * Meals: () Cooked by vols. (x) Cooked by vols. & locals () Cooked by locals * How and how long to go to work: 30 minutes * Smoking: () Totally impossible (x) Only outside building () OK also inside							
Accommoda tion	* Internet access: NO Wifi. Volunteers must get local number to get connected to internet via their own smartphone or internet modem.							
	* Any other points: limited condition. Need sleeping bag. Indonesian traditional toilet with squad and manual flush system. Manual washing.							
Study theme	Workshops on Carbon reduction research and offset, Fund Raising and Project coordination							
Other activities	Exploring Pekalongan's culture as the city of Batik. Batik is Indonesian intangible heritage acknowledged by UNESCO since 2010 and nature for about 20 kms to the south to the mountain area with hidden waterfalls that known mostly by local people only and more. Aug. is the month for Indonesian independence festivals. Each neighborhood will have their own festival.							
Location	Hot tropical weather (25-27 degree in the evening and 35-42 in the day time). Javanese and Muslim culture. Batik garment is the biggest industry that causes serious pollution to the river. Pekalongan is located 60 km away from Semarang airport. To get to know about pekalongan please see this link (<u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Pekalongan Regency</u>)							
Terminal	 * Nearest international airport: Semarang Ahmad Yani International Airport. IATA Code: SRG * Transportation from the capital or other major city (mode, time, cost): From Jakarta Gambir station to Pekalongan Station: Train, 5 hrs, <u>+</u> 20 USD From Jakarta Soekarno Hatta International Airport IATA Code CGK to Semarang (SRG): Flight 50 mins, <u>+</u> 60 USD. Then Train from Semarang Poncol Station to Pekalongan station, 1 hr <u>+</u> 5 USD 							
Requiremen t	 * Required: Strong motivation to have a different living style and to learn Bahasa Indonesia, able to communicate at least in interpersonal level, enjoying to work in team in diversity as well as alone, being ready to learn about carbon emission before the project and interest in environmental issue. * Welcomed (not necessary): Experience of planting trees, workcamps, LMTV and leading a workcamp 							
Participatio n fee	 IDR 4,000,000 for 1st month and IDR 3,700,000 for next months. * All personal expenses, visa, and other food and beverages beyond those provided should be covered by volunteers. * 60% participants fee is for During projects: accommodation, meals, local transportation for projects when applied, material, support peer volunteer system, GREAT T shirt, emergency responses, support visa extension. * 40% participation fees is for pre and post project preparation, meeting with stakeholders, 							
	management, GREAT membership & partnership global and regional networking, etc.							
Language	English (Indonesian language is not necessary, but welcomed to learn and speak to locals!)							
Other	 * On arrival training (place, length, etc.): Pekalongan, totally 4 days. * Special care during Project (if any. e.g., staff visit, local buddy, skype talk) Staff visit, peer volunteers, workcamps during some period, real time assistance with whatsapp. * Evaluation meeting (place, length, etc.): Pekalongan, totally 1 day. 							

		0.0	s. India						
Code	Name	Location	Country	Start	End	Туре	Vols	Min	Max
								age	age
RUCHI-SCC1 RUCHI-SCC2	Bandh Bandh	Himachal Pradesh state Himachal Pradesh state	India India	09/01 09/01	11/20 10/25	ENVI ENVI	5 5	16 16	<u>99</u> 99
RUCHI-SCC3	Bandh	Himachal Pradesh state	India	09/01	09/30	ENVI	5	16	99
RUCHI-SCC4	Bandh	Himachal Pradesh state	India	09/26	11/20	ENVI	5	16	99
RUCHI-SCC5	Bandh	Himachal Pradesh state	India	09/26	10/25	ENVI	5	16	99
RUCHI-SCC6	Bandh	Himachal Pradesh state	India	10/21	11/20	ENVI	5	16	99
Summary									
Background	Save the forest and the water resource, start carbon offset and promoting organic farming! This is a rural mountain area and agriculture is the main industry. The area is calm, peaceful and experiences severe winter. They need warm water for all purpose round the year. Fuelwood and conventional electricity power are the major sources of energy. Off late, due to deforestation and land degradation, population pressure, unrestricted grazing by animals and indifferent attitude of people towards their environmental sanitation, they feel the pinch of climate change. Some recognize the changes and consequences but the majority fail to understand and correlate it to their life style. Since they still stick to the traditions affect their farming and living conditions adversely. The green cover in mountains balances the environment and controls the climate in the whole country. The natural resources are depleting; fuel wood is sparingly available now for cooking and heating. It is high time that people think of alternative sources of energy. The project is organized by RUCHI in collaboration with Him Urja of state government and local village groups. RUCHI has 35 years experience in such community projects and the local village groups have also been participating in environmental projects. The aim of the project is to try out and promote renewable sources of energy. In the first phase, we would like to establish demonstration units at RUCHI and make use of idle solar energy resource. There is ample sun light round the year except for few rainy days during monsoon and winter. We propose to do following under the project during 2019: 1. Establish solar panels for lighting on rofs and roadside and 2. Establish solar water heaters post solar lighting. After successful demonstration of solar energy at RUCHI we propose to promote the technology to rural communities where conventional electricity power is getting unaffordable. The project is expected to have better informed community on environmental concern								
Work	 Volunteers will undertake following activities (1. is the main, changed according to weather): 1. Assisting the work for the solar energy (e.g., Identify ideal site on roadside for putting up solar lights, install solar panels on roofs and streets, monitor power consumption and production patterns). 2. Planting fast growing trees with soil binding capabilities across the roadside and in RUCHI campus. The area is prone to land slide and soil erosions. 3. Tending to fruit trees (Guava, Mango and Amla with onion and ginger) in RUCHI farm. The work may relate to mulching, removing weeds, pruning and preparing organic compost. * Volunteers will work 5 days a week and minimum 5 hours per day. 								

3-3. India

	< Results in 2018 >
	 SCC (Global Voluntary Service to Stop Climate Change) 2018 project in Jul. 04 - Sep. 25; Planted 1,000 pine trees that would reduce 150 tons of CO² approximately.
	* It was conducted by the local leader and 4 volunteers from Japan.
	< Plan for 2019 > The color project is now, so it is difficult to get up the target goals of sorther reduction. Decides
	The solar project is new, so it is difficult to set up the target goals of carbon reduction. Besides that, we may plant 1,000 pine trees as well as taking care of the fruit trees planted in SCC 2017.
	There will be the short term international workcamps in Sep. 01-07, Sep. 08-15, Sep. 16-21, Oct.
	11-15 and Nov. 01-05.
	Type of building: RUCHI Campus (Office building)
	* Sleeping: () Single room (x) Sharing with other vols. () Sharing with locals
	* Meals: () Cooked by vols. (x) Cooked by vols. & locals () Cooked by locals
	* How and how long to go to work: mostly working in the office complex but village visits may require travelling by public transport for 15 minutes to 60 minutes
	* Smoking: () Totally impossible (x) Only outside building () OK also inside
Accommoda	* Internet access: personal Internet packs in mobiles is the best option as high speed broadband is not
tion	_available in the local area. Hotspot can be made available during office hours.
Study theme	Workshops on Carbon reduction research and offset, Fund Raising and Project coordination
Study theme	To attend women group meetings to learn of their plight and culture, to visit schools to interact
Other	with children and to see other development works of RUCHI. During the holidays, they can go to Rock
activities	Garden in Chandigarh city and visit state capital of Shimla which still depicts British architecture.
	Some small treks are also available to those interested in trekking.
	Hilly rural area which land is sloppy and confined to small terraces. Land holdings are also small.
Location	Some get jobs on daily wage basis and work on road repairs and other construction works. There is no security threat and generally the place is calm and quite with a pleasant weather. Basically, this is a
Location	Hindu area, but they respect all religions and cultures. The largest industrial area of Baddi in this state
	is about 20 kms away. The people are God fearing and very hospitable to visitors.
	* Nearest international airport: New Delhi IGI airport
Terminal	* Transportation from the capital or other major city (mode, time, cost)
	Delhi to project: Train is the best option. It takes 4 hours to cover 280 kms. Cost: INR 950
	Within state: Bus is the only option that takes 2 min. per km and the cost is INR 1.5 per km. No specialised skills except high motivation to contribute and help. Must be willing to respect and live
Requiremen	with a different culture and under challenging circumstances.
t	* Preferable skills/ experience/ motivation: Environment education background or past experience in
	plantation, forestry or water resource development etc.
	* Fee to be paid in USD per month (if any): 300 USD
Participatio	* Other points (if any): This will include 3 vegetarian meals and shared accommodation
n fee	* All personal expenses, visa, and other food and beverages beyond those provided should be covered by volunteers
Language	English (Hindi language is not necessary, but welcomed to learn and speak to locals!)
3	* Additional attractions; The participation will be very beneficial for their academic and personal
	development. They will learn of innovative ways of soil and water conservation.
	* Training and special care;
Other	On arrival training (place, length, etc.): at RUCHI (host NGO) for 3 days
	One RUCHI staff will be working with volunteers and provide all needed support. * Evaluation meeting (place, length, etc.): Weekly meetings will be held for assessments of progress
	and resolve any issues. Final evaluation will be done at the end of project for a day.

3-4. Japan

Code	Name	Location	Country	Start	End	Туре	Vols.	Min age	Max age
NICE-SCC1	Minamata	Kumamoto prefecture	Japan	09/01	11/20	ENVI	5	16	99
NICE-SCC2	Minamata	Kumamoto prefecture	Japan	09/01	10/25	ENVI	5	16	99
NICE-SCC3	Minamata	Kumamoto prefecture	Japan	09/01	09/30	ENVI	5	16	99
NICE-SCC4 NICE-SCC5	Minamata Minamata	Kumamoto prefecture Kumamoto prefecture	Japan Japan	09/26 09/26	11/20 10/25	ENVI ENVI	5 5	16 16	99 99
NICE-SCC3	Minamata	Kumamoto prefecture	Japan Japan	10/21	10/23	ENVI	5	16	99 99
Summary	Save the forest and the water resource, start carbon offset and promoting organic farming!								
Background	The poll Minamata is a marriage par forest on the This forest be Minamata Dia As well a human being There is beaches, but	The pollution has been totally cleared away and it's completely safe now, but the image of Minamata is still "dirty" or "dangerous" and some people are discriminated in getting jobs or finding marriage partners. The first 10 years of workcamps since 1992 made a significant impact to create a forest on the reclaimed land which was built in the process of clearing the mercury from the bay. This forest bears new lives as a symbol of revival and is an important place to pray for the victims of Minamata Disease, as well as for the world to reflect on the effects of modern industrialization. As well as many other parts of Japan, bamboo trees, that was originally brought from China by human being, have been severely spreading and damaging the other trees and eco-system. There is also a new project to revitalize the marine environment. There is a lot of rubbish on the beaches, but when it's clean, there is a lot of sea food such as oysters and sea urchins. Rehabilitation of seaweed forests is taking place since a few years ago.							
Work	 2. Making ba 3. Other wormarine environmentation * Working time * State of the second secon	bal Voluntary Service to Sta trees and made 635 kg b ucted by 5 SCC LMTVs (2 B m volunteers from 6 count	s cut in the er mulber r middle so ars per day op Climate amboo cha elgian, 1 loo ries (7 Hon	e Work 1 a ry trees, o chool stud and 5 day	and use i citrus fru lents and a week.	t for BB its, onic l ocean l ocean ect in Sep at redu l French nailand,	Q, etc. in ons, helj life inve p. 01 - N iced 1.2' for 1-3 2 Russia	nstead o ping to r estigatio ov. 20; 70 kg of months) , etc.).	of oil. run on.

	Type of building : Rental house (Man and Woman will sleep in the separate rooms). * Sleeping: () Single room (x) Sharing with other vols. () Sharing with locals							
	* Meals: (x) Cooked by vols. () Cooked by vols. & locals () Cooked by locals							
	* How and how long to go to work: 20minute to 40 minutes. It may be by public transport or by walking depending on situation							
	* Smoking: () Totally impossible (x) Only outside building () OK also inside							
	* ternet access: There is wifi in the accommodation.							
Accommodati								
on								
Study theme	Workshops on Carbon reduction research and offset, Crowd Funding and Project coordination							
Other activities	 * Study part: Discussion about Minamata, Disease with local people and experienced person, Visiting Minamata Disease Museum. * Free time activity: Excursion, exchange parties, sports, etc. 							
	The area is famous for huge public pollution of mercury happened over 60 years ago. It is							
Location	located in southern Kumamoto prefecture of Kyushu island with a beautiful semi-closed sea and mountains with several villages, where traditional culture remains strongly. There are many							
Location	mandarin farms and the local onions are said to be so sweet that you can eat them like an apple! It is							
	a very hot and humid season (especialy September)! Enjoy Japanese summer!							
	 * Nearest international airport: Kagoshima airport * Transportation: From Kagoshima city, 3 hours by local train (30min. By express train), From 							
Terminal	Kumamoto city, 2 hours local train(24min. by express train). From Tokyo to Kagoshima airport, 2							
	hours by airplane, and from Kagoshima airport to Minamata, 2 hours by airport bus.							
Requirement	* Need high interest in environmental issues and their activities, big motivation to work hard, open mind, cooperation with others.							
nequirement	* Preferable skills/ exprience/ motivation: Environmental work, Carbon research, Crowd funding							
Participation	No fee!							
fee	* All personal expenses, visa, and other food and beverages beyond those provided should be covered by volunteers							
Language	English (Japanese language is not necessary, but welcomed to learn and speak to locals!)							
	* Additional attractions; The person in charge of organizing this program is a traditional Japanese							
	paper maker, and his wife makes textiles (she grows her own organic cotton, hand spins it into thread, dyes it with natural plant dyes, and weaves it into cloth on a loom.) If anyone is interested,							
	we are able to make time to experience any or all of these.							
Other	* Training and special care;							
Other	On arrival training (place, length, etc.): In the project site (for 2 days). There will be also a training program for general LMTVs in Tokushima in Shikoku island in Jun. 30 - Jul. 02, so you are							
	welcomed to join it if you have a time and interest to see different place of Japan, meet other LMTVs							
	in different projects and many NICE members/ staff!							
	Special care during Project: Staff visit, planning to do have local buddy. * Evaluation meeting: In the project site (for 2 days)							
	Evaluation meeting. In the project site (for 2 days)							

4. Contact for Inquiry

We are looking forward to working with you for this important and revolutionary project!

SCC Coordinators;

KAIZAWA Shinichiro (Kai) President of NICE, Founding Ex. President of NVDA, Ex. President of CCIVS. e-mail

IGUCHI Yasunori (Yasu) General Secretary of NICE (Never-ending International workCamps Exchage), Japan

Julie Chao (Julie), General Secretary of NVDA (Network for Voluntary Development in Asia)

Benedictus Pramudya (Ben), Secretariat of NVDA e-mail

< Some info. about IVS Carbon Offset >

A **carbon offset** is "a reduction in emissions of carbon dioxide or greenhouse gases made in order to compensate for or to offset an emission made elsewhere." (<u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Carbon_offset</u>). We are calling for participants of our very **first, historical carbon offset projects** from all over the world. * In 2017-18, 23 participants contributed 260 EUR as the pilot practice and we will develop more this year, so join us!

Step 1. Calculate

carbon emission of your flights here.

Step 7. Receive

a report of your Green project and a certificate of "**Green Volunteer**" and enjoy exchange with other Green Volunteers by the end of Dec.!

Step 6. Report

your actions and results of Step 5 on <u>SCC</u> <u>Facebook page</u> with some pictures. The reduction will be conducted by the "SCC" workcamps 2019 Jul. 4th to Nov. 20th that will prove the impact (issuing the numbers) with the Hosting NGOs.

Step 5. Reduce

emission of your daily life and (if you join,) your IVS project. You can use <u>this</u> and also see <u>here</u>. This is not a duty, but a voluntary action as you want[©] Please don't hesitate to inquire us if you have any challenges, questions or ideas about this!

Step 2. Decide

the amount of reduction. **10 EUR can reduce 100 kg** of your travelling emission (so, if you reduce 500 kg, it will be 50 EUR). The amount can be **full or partial** of your emission, you can freely decide it (unit of 100 kg)



NS tor Climate

* At this stage, you don't know yet how much you can reduce by your efforts in Step 5, but even if the total reduction exceeds your emission after all, it'll be your great honor[©]

Step 3. Choose

a **Green Project** to conduct your offset among 4 countries.

Step 4. Register

your **participation** through <u>here</u> and also make **payment** to your sending NGO. The Coordinator will confirm your registration and payment by e-mail.

* Deadline is October 31st. In case it will be full (participation will reach the maximum capacity), it will be clearly mentioned in the registration site.

